## Mini-Controller ZEN

## Features

## Expandable Mini-Controller

- 4 different CPU units, up to 3 expansion units
- 5 different expansion units
- Real time clock and calendar function
- Backlit LCD
- Screen menus displayed in 6 languages
- Inputs: 24 VDC or 230 VAC Outputs: Relays, 8 A, 250 VAC, Transistor 24 VDC, 500 mA
- Programming software optional


## Order information

## Basic data

- Design conforms to
- Contact spacing $4 \times 17.5 \mathrm{~mm}$
- Operating temperature:
$25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . .50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- 2 analog inputs with VDC CPU unit
- Ladder programming


| Basic Unit | Type | Display/ Keypad | Clock/ Calendar | Output Type | Supply Inputs | Product Label |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 inputs and 4 outputs | DE LUXE | yes | yes | Relay | 100.. 240 VAC | ZEN-10C1AR-A |
|  | STINO | no | no | Relay |  | ZEN-10C2AR-A |
|  | DE LUXE | yes | yes | Relay | 24 VDC, 2 inputs for analog use | ZEN-10C1DR-D |
|  | STINO | no | no | Relay |  | ZEN-10C2DR-D |
|  | DE LUXE | yes | yes | Transistor | 24 VDC, 2 inputs for analog use | ZEN-10C1DT-D |
|  | STINO | no | no | Transistor |  | ZEN-10C2DT-D |


| Expansion Units | Inputs | Outputs | Product Label |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 inputs and 4 outputs $4 \times 100 . .240$ VAC | $4 \times$ relays, $8 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{VAC}$ | ZEN-8EAR |  |
| 4 inputs and 4 outputs $4 \times 24 \mathrm{VDC}$ | $4 \times$ relays, $8 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{VAC}$ | ZEN-8EDR |  |
| 4 inputs and 4 outputs $4 \times 24 \mathrm{VDC}$ | Transistor $500 \mathrm{~mA}, 24 \mathrm{VDC}$ | ZEN-8EDT |  |
| 4 inputs $4 \times 100 . .240 \mathrm{VAC}$ | - | ZEN-8EA |  |
| 4 inputs $4 \times 24 \mathrm{VDC}$ | - | ZEN-8ED |  |
| 4 inputs | - | $4 \times$ relays, $8 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{VAC}$ | ZEN-8ER |


| Accessories and Options | EEPROM (for data security and copying) | ZEN-ME01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Battery (keeps time, date and bit values for 10 years at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | ZEN-BAT01 |
|  | for the programming software, RS-232C cable, 9-way ' D ' connector for PC | ZEN-CIF01 |
|  | Support Software <br> for WINDOWS (95/98/2000), ME and NT 4.0 | ZEN-SOFT01 |

## System Setting



## Specifications

## Units with AC Inputs



Expansion Unit

|  |  | Basic Unit | Expansion Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated voltage |  | 100.. 240 VAC | 100..240 VAC |
| Input impedance |  | $680 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $83 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Max. switching current |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.15 \mathrm{~mA}, 100 \mathrm{VAC} \\ & 0.35 \mathrm{~mA}, 240 \mathrm{VAC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 1.2 \mathrm{~mA}, 100 \mathrm{VAC} \\ 2.9 \mathrm{~mA}, 240 \mathrm{VAC} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| ON voltage level |  | min. 80 VAC | min. 80 VAC |
| OFF voltage level |  | max. 25 VAC | max. 25 VAC |
| ON delay | 100 VAC | max. 50 ms or 70 ms (selected by input filter setting) |  |
|  | 240 VAC | max. 100 ms or 120 ms (selected by input filter setting) |  |
| OFF delay | 100 VAC | max. 50 ms or 70 ms (selected by input filter setting) |  |
|  | 240 VAC | max. 100 ms or 120 ms (selected by input filter setting) |  |
| Isolation |  | - | Opto coupler between input terminals and internal signal transfer |

## Units with DC Inputs



| Power supply | $24 \mathrm{VDC},+10 \% . .-15 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input impedance | Basic unit VDC input: $4.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ <br> Basic unit when using analog signals: $5.0 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ <br> Expansion unit: $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Input current | 5 mA, typical |
| ON voltage level | min. 16.0 VDC |
| OFF voltage level | max. 5.0 VDC |
| ON delay | 5 or 50 ms (selected by input filter setting) |
| OFF delay | max. 15 or 50 ms (selected by input filter setting) |

DC inputs used as analog inputs

| Input range | $0 . .10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input impedance | $150 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Resolution | $0.1 \mathrm{~V}, 1 / 100$ of scale range |
| Accuracy (at $-25^{\circ} .+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | $10 \%$ of full-scale value |
| A/D converter display | $0 . .10 .5 \mathrm{~V}$ |

## Units with relay outputs



| Max. switching capacitance | 8 A 240 VAC and 5 A 24 VDC resistive load |
| :--- | :--- |
| Min. switching capacitance | $10 \mathrm{~mA}, 5 \mathrm{VDC}$ |
| Max. life | electrical: $\quad 50,000$ operations <br> mechanical: 10,000,000 operations |
| ON delay | max. 15 ms |
| OFF delay | max. 5 ms |

Units with Transistor Outputs
Output Circuit Wiring


## Transistor Output Type

| Item | Specifications |  | Circuit drawing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum switching capacity | $24 \mathrm{VDC}+10 \%$, -15\%, 500 mA | Each Circuit is composed of an independent common circuit |  |
| Leakage current | 0.1 mA max. |  |  |
| Residual voltage | 1.5 V max. |  |  |
| ON response time | 1 ms max. |  |  |
| OFF response time | 1 ms max. |  |  |

## General Data



## Dimensions (mm)



## Bit Functions

|  | Symbol | Bit Address | Number | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Basic inputs | I | I0..I5 | 6 | Transfer the external input signals present at the basic units. |
| Expansion inputs | X | X0.. Xb | 12 | Transfer the external input signals present at the expansion units. |
| Basic outputs | Q | Q0..Q3 | 4 | Transfer the logical circuit states to the output terminals of the basic unit. |
| Expansion outputs | Y | Y1..YB | 12 | Transfer the logical circuit states to the output terminals of the expansion unit. |
| Flags | M | M0..Mf | 16 | For internal program-logic bit processing only. |
| Holding flags | H | $\mathrm{HO} 0 . \mathrm{Hf}$ | 16 | For internal program-logic bit processing only, but the status (on/off) is stored in the event of a power supply failure |
| timers | T | T0..T7 | 8 | X: pickup delay Functions selected in the dis- <br> play that allows parameter set- <br> O: release delay <br> ong <br> F: clock generator  |
| Holding timers | \# | \#0..\#3 | 4 | Holds the last intermediate time before the power supply failure or the release of the start signal. The time continues to run towards the setpoint when the power supply or start signal returns. |
| Counters | C | C0..C7 | 8 | Up/down counter |
| Weekly timer | @ | @0..@7 | 8 | Switches on certain days and at certain times. |
| Calendar | * | *0..*7 | 8 | Switches independently of the date. |
| Display function | D | D0..D7 | 8 | Displays any desired character strings with time and counter actual values or AD-converted data. |
| Analog comparator | A | A0..A4 | 4 | The analog value is evaluated with these bits in the comparator (ZEN-10C_DR-D only). |
| Timer/counter comparator | P | P0..P1 | 16 | Compares the actual values of timers (T), holding timers (\#) and counters (C) with each other or with a constant. |
| Command keys | B | B0..B7 | 8 | In RUN mode the integral command keys generate an "ON" signal in the program (DE LUXE type only). |

## Description of Functions

[: normal

S: set
11

Q1


R: reset

## A: alternative

Q2


10


Q0 switches to ON or OFF depending on the status of IO .


Q1 is set to ON when I1 switches to ON.
A reset signal is required to switch Q1 off.


Q1 is set to OFF when I2 switches to ON.


Q2 changes its status at the leading edge of the 13 signal (ON).

## Use of the timer and holding timer

Holding timer
(\#0..\#3)

Timers
(T0..T7)

Timers
(T0..T7)

Timers
(T0..T7)

## Timers

(T0..T7)


X:
Pickup delay only
Switches ON when the trigger signal is applied and the setting is reached. If the trigger signal is interrupted the present value is saved, then timing out resumes when the signal returns.
Application:
For time delays (e.g.: mixing and metering operations)

## X:

Pickup delay
Switches ON when the trigger signal is applied and the setting is reached. The timer is reset when the trigger signal is interrupted.
Application:
For time delays (e.g.: automatic doors or locks)

## Release delay (RV)

Switches ON at the leading edge of the trigger signal and OFF when the setting is reached. Application:
For OFF delays (e.g.: lights, fans)

## O:

Passing make contact (EW)
The leading edge of the trigger signal switches the timer bit ON; it switches OFF again when the preset time has timed out whether or not the trigger signal is present.
Application:
For starting and stopping operations (e.g.: motors, lights)

## F:

Clock generator, starts on space (TP)
When the trigger signal is applied the timer is switched ON and OFF according to the preset time (mark-to-space ratio 1:1) Application:
For visual or audible signalling
(f. e.: emergencies, faults)

## Counter functions



## Weekly timer

## 

## Calendar

31 Dec.

## Example of analog comparator

a)

b)


## Timer/counter comparator

a)

b)


The counter's timer bit switches ON (C0) when the counter has reached the setting. Applying the reset signal suppresses counting pulses and the present value is set to "ZERO". The count is saved if the supply fails or is isolated.

Timer bit @ 0 switches ON between 08:15 and 17:30, every week Th to Fr.

Timer bit *0 switches ON between 1 April and 31 August.
a) When input $1 \geq 5.2 \mathrm{~V}$ ( 14 , converted display)
b) When input $1 \leq$ input 2

Input 1 (14, converted display) Input 2 (I5, converted display)
a) When timer $0(\mathrm{TO}) \geq 12 \mathrm{~min} 20 \mathrm{~s}$
b) When counter 1 (C1) $\leq$ counter 2 (C2)

## Display Symbology

| Setting of the backlighting | LO: Backlighting stays OFF / automatic display OFF <br> L1: Backlighting switches ON / automatic display OFF <br> L2: Backlight stays OFF / automatic display ON <br> L3: Backlighting switches ON / automatic display ON |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start position display | $X$ (digit) <br> Y (line) |  |
| Display options | CHR | Character (up to 1 |
|  | DAT | Month/day (5 digit |
|  | CLK | Hour/minute (5 dig |
|  | 114..115 | A/D-converted value |
|  | T0..Tf | Timer actual value |
|  | \#0..\#7 | Holding timer actu |
|  | C0..C1 | Counter actual val |
| Monitoring | A: Online data are displayed D: Online data are not displayed |  |

Bit Assignment of Buttons


## Applications

Switching On and Off of lighting and lighting groups
Use of bit logic

| 10 All lights ON |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00 | I1 Pattern 1 | SQ0 | Grp. 1 lights up |
| 01 |  | SQ1 | Grp. 2 lights up |
| 02 |  | SQ2 | Grp. 3 lights up |
| 03 |  | SQ3 | Grp. 4 lights up |
| 04 | 12 Pattern 2 | SQ0 | Grp. 1 lights up |
| 05 |  | RQ1 | Grp. 2 does not light up |
| 06 |  | SQ2 | Grp. 3 lights up |
| 07 |  | RQ3 | Grp. 4 does not light up |
| 08 | I3 All lights ON | SQ0 | Grp. 1 lights up |
| 09 |  | SQ1 | Grp. 2 lights up |
| 10 |  | RQ2 | Grp. 3 does not light up |
| 11 |  | RQ3 | Grp. 4 does not light up |
| 12 |  | RQ0 | Grp. 1 does not light up |
| 13 |  | RQ1 | Grp. 2 does not light up |
| 14 |  | RQ2 | Grp. 3 does not light up |
| 15 |  | RQ3 | Grp. 4 does not light up |

## Controlling air circulation

 in greenhouses
## Use of bit logic and timer functions



Parameter Settings

$11 / 2$ hrs set

Adapts lighting to prevailing lighting conditions; light adaption
saves energy.
Switch 1 (IO) is ON,

- All lights light up

Switch 2 (I1) is ON,

- Lighting groups 1 and 3 are on

Switch 3 (I2) is ON,

- Lighting groups 1 and 2 are on

Switch 4 (I3) is ON,

- All lights go out

ZEN being used to circulate carbon dioxide or warm air. Two fans operate at preset intervals. The starting current for the fans can be reduced by staggered starting. When START is operated, Fan 1 starts first followed 30 seconds later by Fan 2. A repeat cycle of 1 hour air circulation and $11 / 2$ hour pause starts.

## Coin-operated car wash

## Use of bit logic and timer functions



The running time can be varied according to the number of coins. When the holding timers (\#) are used with the holding flags $(\mathrm{H})$, the residual spray time is not reset if the supply is unexpectedly interrupted.

- The spray function operates for 3 minutes per coir


## Parameter Settings

Holding timer \#0

| \#0 | $X$ | $M: S$ | $A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| TRG |  |  |  |
| RES |  | $03: 00$ |  |

3 min. set

## Escalator

Use of bit logic, timer function and weekly timer


Parameter Settings
Weekly timer @0 (Mo-Fr: 07:00-10:00 h)

| \#0 | MO-FR |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | ON | $07: 00$ |
| RES | OFF | $10: 00$ |

A

OFF 10:00

Weekly timer @1
(Mo-Fr: 17:00-22:00 h)

| \#1 | MO-FR |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | ON | $17: 00$ |
| RES | OFF | $22: 00$ |

OFF delay
Timer TO

An escalator can be operated at certain times and on certain days. To save energy, the escalator can be set in motion by a sensor detecting a passenger. 2 weekly timers can run an escalator on working days between 07:00-10:00 h and 17:00-22:00 h.
Outside these times the escalator is run for three minutes when a passenger is detected.

## Other applications

Automatic door and gate opening
For automatic opening and closing at certain times/on certain days.
Illumination for dispensers
Continuous illumination of the dispensers at certain times or according to use.

## Monitoring and control of levels in water tanks

ZEN monitors the water level depending on a capacitive measuring system.
Automatic pre-heating of soldering machines
Soldering can commence as soon as the shift starts, so no working time is wasted.

